

## PAST SIMPLE

### TEORÍA

Afirmativa Verbos regulares (-ed)
I / You <b>played</b>
He / She / It <b>played</b>
We / You / They <b>played</b>

Los **verbos irregulares** tienen cada uno su forma de pasado que hay que aprender junto con el verbo y su significado. Puedes consultarlas en las páginas finales de tu libro También en un diccionario si no tienes el libro.

make → **made**

swim → **swam**

run → **ran**

### Negativas e interrogativas de verbos regulares e irregulares

Negativa	Formas contraídas
I / You <b>did not read</b>	I / You <b>didn't read</b>
He / She / It <b>did not read</b>	He / She / It <b>didn't read</b>
We / You / They <b>did not read</b>	We / You / They <b>didn't read</b>
Interrogativa	Respuestas breves
Did I / you read the book?	Yes, I / you did. No, I / you didn't.
Did he / she / it read the book?	Yes, he / she / it did. No, he / she / it didn't.
Did we / you / they read the book?	Yes, we / you did. No. we / you didn't.

Las **expresiones de tiempo** que normalmente usamos con el **past simple** hacen referencia al pasado. Se suelen colocar al final de la oración: **last year** (el año pasado), **five weeks ago** (hace cinco semanas), **yesterday** (ayer).

## EJERCICIOS

### 1. Completa la tabla.

Infinitive	Past tense	Meaning
Be		
Buy		
Come		
Do		
Eat		
Find		
Give		
Go		
Have		
Know		
Make		
Run		
Say		
See		
Take		
Tell		
Think		
Write		

## 2. Completa las oraciones utilizando el pasado de los verbos.

Last weekend, my friend and me \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to England. We \_\_\_\_\_ (get up) early. He \_\_\_\_\_ (make) some sandwiches. We \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) home at 8 o'clock. My parents \_\_\_\_\_ (take) us to the airport by car. When we \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive), my dad \_\_\_\_\_ (say): "Have you got your passport?" I \_\_\_\_\_ (look) in my bag, but it \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) there. I \_\_\_\_\_ (find) it in my pocket. We \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a great time there. We \_\_\_\_\_ (do) a lot of interesting things and \_\_\_\_\_ (see) interesting buildings and markets. I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a lot of presents for my family.

### 3. Escribe las oraciones en forma negativa.

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not love) chocolate as a child.
2. You \_\_\_\_\_ (not go) shopping this morning.
3. He \_\_\_\_\_ (not like) sport.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not study) for the exam.
5. Lucy \_\_\_\_\_ (not meet) her friends yesterday.

### 4. Ordena las palabras para hacer preguntas y después une con la respuesta adecuada.

1. park/where/your sister/ did?
  2. He/did/the/close/window?
  3. Music/listen to/what/did/you?
  4. Film/you/did/the/like?
  5. Yesterday/work/you/did?
  6. Time/your friends/did/what/arrive?
  7. They/the restaurant/go/did/the/to?
  8. Want/did/she/coffee/a?
- a. Yes, I did. It was great.
  - b. They arrived at nine o'clock.
  - c. In the car park.
  - d. Yes, she did. Coffee and milk.
  - e. Yes, they did.
  - f. Yes, I did. All day long.
  - g. We listened pop music.
  - h. No, he didn't.

## SOLUCIONES

### Exercise 1.

<b>Infinitive</b>	<b>Past tense</b>	<b>Meaning</b>
<b>Be</b>	Was, were	Ser, estar
<b>Buy</b>	bought	Comprar
<b>Come</b>	came	Venir
<b>Do</b>	Did	Done
<b>Eat</b>	Ate	Comer
<b>Find</b>	Found	Encontrar
<b>Give</b>	Gave	Dar
<b>Go</b>	Went	Ir
<b>Have</b>	Had	Tener
<b>Know</b>	Knew	Saber
<b>Make</b>	Made	Hacer
<b>Run</b>	Ran	Correr
<b>Say</b>	Said	Decir
<b>See</b>	Saw	Ver
<b>Take</b>	Took	Tomar, llevar
<b>Tell</b>	Told	Contar
<b>Think</b>	Thought	Pensar
<b>Write</b>	Wrote	Escribir

**Exercise 2.** went / got up / made/ left / took/ arrived / said/ looked / wasn't / found / had/did/ saw/ bought

**Exercise 3.**

didn't love

Didn't go

Didn't like

Didn't study

Didn't meet

**Exercise 4.**

1. Where did your sister park? c
2. Did he close the window? h
3. What music did you listen to? g
4. Did you like the film? a
5. Did you work yesterday? f
6. What time did your friends arrive? b
7. Did they go to the restaurant? e
8. Did she want a coffee? d